NOTES ON NEW AND NOTEWORTHY PLANTS. CVI

Harold N. Moldenke

CLERODENDRUM SERRATUM f. LACTEUM Moldenke, f. nov.

Haec forma a forma typica speciei corollis albis vel lacteoalbidis recedit.

This form differs from the typical form of the species in hav-

ing its corollas white or creamy-white.

The type of this form was collected by Boris Alexander Krukoff (no. 250) on the Hoeta Padang Estate, near Kisaran, on the west coast of Sumatra in December, 1930, and is deposited in the Britton Herbarium at the New York Botanical Garden.

VITEX LEUCOXYLON f. SALIGNA (Roxb.) Moldenke, stat. nov.

Vitex saligna Roxb., Hort. Beng. 46, hyponym. 1814; Fl. Ind.,

ed. 2, 3: 75. 1832.

This form differs from the typical form of the species in having all the mature leaflets uniformly narrow-elliptic, thinly chartaceous, 3—4 times as long as wide, with both ends uniformly acute or acuminate.

The variety is based on <u>Wallich 1748</u> and <u>1748/2</u> collected from cultivated plants in the Calcutta Botanical Garden, originally collected by Dr. B. Heyne on the Coromandel coast of southeastern India in 1808 and deposited in the British East India Company herbarium at Kew.

ADDITIONAL NOTES ON THE ERIOCAULACEAE. LXXX

Harold N. Moldenke

SYNGONANTHUS WIDGRENIANUS (Korn.) Ruhl.

Additional bibliography: Moldenke, Phytologia 38: 134. 1977. This species appears to be based on Widgren 822 and G. Gardner 2957 & 5274 from Minas Gerais, Brazil, deposited in the Berlin herbarium. The Riedel collection, listed by Körnicke as typical S. widgreniams, is now regarded as var. puberulifolius Ruhl. by Ruhland.

In previous works I have listed this species from Parana and in this I was followed by Angely (1957, 1972), but all the material thus determined has proved, on re-examination, to be the very similar S. fischeriamus (Bong.) Ruhl.

Körnicke (1871) cites the additional Warming s.n. from Lagoa Santa. Ruhland (1903) cites only Widgren 822 and Warming s.n. from